



9. Classify the numbers below as natural, whole, integer, rational and/or irrational. Some numbers may belong to more than one set.

A)  $3.\bar{1}2$       B)  $-4$       C)  $\sqrt{5}$       D)  $\frac{4}{7}$

E)  $2.4$       F)  $\sqrt[3]{-8}$       G)  $0$       H)  $5\frac{1}{2}$

10. Simplify each radical. (i.e. Write as a mixed radical.)

A)  $\sqrt{108}$       B)  $\sqrt[3]{80}$       C)  $\sqrt[4]{405}$       D)  $\sqrt{98}$

E)  $\sqrt[3]{1372}$       F)  $\sqrt[4]{160}$

11. Change the following to an entire radical.

A)  $7\sqrt{14}$       B)  $16\sqrt[3]{3}$       C)  $4\sqrt[5]{12}$       D)  $3\sqrt[4]{2}$

12. Write each radical as an entire radical and then order them from least to greatest.

$2\sqrt{30}$ ,  $3\sqrt{3}$ ,  $2\sqrt{7}$ ,  $5\sqrt{5}$ ,  $2\sqrt{13}$

13. Order these numbers from least to greatest.

A)  $\sqrt{38}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{515}$ ,  $\frac{13}{3}$ ,  $\sqrt{2}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{128}$

B)  $12^{\frac{9}{7}}$ ,  $\sqrt[6]{12^7}$ ,  $12^{\frac{1}{9}}$ ,  $12^{\frac{1}{7}}$ ,  $\sqrt[7]{12^6}$

14. Write each power as a radical.

A)  $42^{\frac{5}{4}}$

B)  $7.5^{125}$

C)  $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{\frac{5}{6}}$

15. Write each radical as a power.

A)  $\left(\sqrt[6]{0.9}\right)^7$

B)  $\sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^9}$

C)  $\sqrt[4]{5}$

16. Evaluate without a calculator. Show all steps. NOTE: CHANGE DECIMALS TO FRACTIONS FIRST.

A)  $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$

B)  $0.25^{\frac{1}{2}}$

C)  $(-27)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

D)  $\left(\frac{256}{625}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

E)  $0.16^{\frac{5}{2}}$

F)  $(-243)^{0.6}$

G)  $4^{2.5}$

H)  $\left(\frac{125}{8}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}$

17. Evaluate without a calculator.

A)  $3^{-2}$

B)  $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-3}$

C)  $64^{\frac{4}{3}}$

D)  $\left(\frac{625}{256}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

E)  $(-216)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

F)  $(0.81)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

G)  $81^{-0.75}$

H)  $\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

18. Evaluate.

A)  $\left(-\frac{8}{5}\right)^{\frac{7}{4}} \cdot \left(-\frac{8}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$ .

B)  $\frac{1.2^{\frac{1}{3}}}{1.2^{\frac{4}{3}}}$ .

C)  $\frac{0.64^{\frac{7}{2}}}{0.64^5}$ .

D)  $(0.4)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (0.4)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (0.4)^{\frac{7}{6}}$ .

E)  $\left[\left(-\frac{16}{19}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot \left(-\frac{16}{19}\right)^{-\frac{2}{5}}\right]^7$ .

19. Simplify. Write answer with positive exponents.

A)  $m^{-2}n^6 \cdot m^3n^{-8}$

B)  $\frac{12p^3q^{-7}}{15pq^6}$

C)  $\left(64a^{12}b^{15}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

D)  $\left(\frac{5}{2}a^{-4}b^7\right)^{-3}$ .

E)  $\frac{\left(m^3n^{-3}\right)^{-1}}{\left(m^{-2}n\right)^4}$ .

F)  $\frac{-3a^{-3}b^{-7}c^{-6}}{12a^{-6}b^{-3}c^{-3}}$ .

G)  $\left(\frac{3}{4}m^{-3}n^{-7}p^{-2}\right)^{-4}$ .

H)  $\left(\frac{36x^4y^3}{4x^8y^{-1}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ .

D)  $\left(\frac{w^{-15}y^{12}}{-64x^3}\right)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ .

20. Simplify. Write answer with positive exponents.

A)  $\frac{\left(a^{-\frac{7}{2}}b^{\frac{10}{3}}\right)}{\left(a^{-5}b^4\right)}$

B)  $\left(7s^{\frac{7}{4}}t^{-\frac{5}{3}}\right)\left(-6s^{-\frac{11}{4}}t^{\frac{7}{3}}\right)$

C)  $\left(x^3y^{-\frac{3}{2}}\right)\left(x^{-1}y^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$

D)  $\frac{4a^{-2}b^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^2b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$

21. Suppose you want \$2000 in 3 years. The interest rate for a savings account is 2.8% compounded annually. The money,  $P$  dollars, you must invest now is given by the formula  $P = 2000(1.028)^{-3}$ . How much must you invest now to have \$2000 in 3 years?

22. At a distance of 1 m from a light source, the intensity of the light is 2 mW/m<sup>2</sup> (milliwatts per square meter). The intensity,  $I$ , at a distance  $d$  metres from the source is given by the formula:  $I = 2d^{-2}$ . Determine the intensity of the light 2.5 m from the source.

23. Here is a student's solution for evaluating a power:

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}} &= \left(-\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ &= \left(\sqrt{-\frac{8}{27}}\right)^2 \\ &= \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{4}{9}\end{aligned}$$

Identify any errors in the solution. Write a correct solution.

24. A colony of bacteria start with 100 bacteria. The population of the colony doubles each every 20 min. This equation represents the population,  $N$  bacteria, after  $t$  hours:

$$N = 100(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}$$

How would the population after 60 min compare with the population after 105 min?  
Write your answer as a percent.

25. A cone with equal height and radius has volume  $492 \text{ cm}^3$ . What is the height of the cone to the nearest tenth of a centimetre?

26. A tree farmer used the formula  $V = 0.5d^2h$  to estimate the volume,  $V$  cubic meters, of a tree with height  $h$  meters and mean trunk diameter  $d$  meters. The height of a tree is 20 times its mean trunk diameter, and its volume is  $230 \text{ m}^3$ . What is the mean trunk diameter of this tree to the nearest meter?

27. Identify any errors in each simplification. Write a correct solution.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A) } (x^{-6}y^6) \left( x^{-\frac{1}{6}}y^5 \right) &= x^{-6} \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{6}} \cdot y^6 \cdot y^5 \\ &= x^{-6\frac{1}{6}} \cdot y^{11} \\ &= x^{-6\frac{1}{6}} \cdot y^{11} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{B) } \left( \frac{2m^{\frac{1}{4}}}{m^4} \right)^{-4} &= \frac{8m^{-1}}{m^0} \\ &= \frac{8m^{-1}}{1} \\ &= \frac{8}{m} \end{aligned}$$